

LEVEL 3 AWARD IN

EMERGENCY PAEDIATRIC FIRST AID

EVIDENCE LOGBOOK

Qualification Number: 603/0961/1

Qualification Reference: L3AEPFA







Assessment Principles

1. Assessment Principles

- 1.1 Assessment decisions for competence based learning outcomes (e.g. those beginning with 'to be able to') must be made in a real work environment by an occupationally competent assessor. Any knowledge evidence integral to these learning outcomes may be generated outside of the work environment but the final assessment decision must be within the real work environment.
- 1.2 Assessment decisions for competence based learning outcomes must be made by an assessor qualified to make assessment decisions.
- 1.3 Competence based assessment must include direct observation as the main source of evidence.
- 1.4 Simulation may only be utilised as an assessment method for competence based learning outcomes if specified in the assessment requirements of the component.
- 1.5 Expert witnesses can be used for direct observation if they have occupational expertise for specialist areas or, if the observation is of a particularly sensitive nature. The use of expert witnesses should be determined and agreed by the assessor.
- 1.6 Assessment of knowledge based learning outcomes (e.g. those beginning with 'know' or 'understand') may take place in or outside of a real work environment.
- 1.7 Assessment decisions for knowledge based learning outcomes must be made by an occupationally knowledgeable assessor.
- 1.8 Assessment decisions for knowledge based learning outcomes must be made by an assessor qualified to make assessment decisions. Where assessment is electronic or undertaken according to a set grid, the assessment decisions are made by the person who has set the answers.

2. Internal Quality Assurance

2.1 Internal quality assurance is key to ensuring that the assessment of evidence for component is of a consistent and appropriate quality. Those carrying out internal quality assurance must be occupationally knowledgeable in the area they are assuring and be qualified to make quality assurance decisions.

3. Definitions

3.1 Occupationally competent:

This means that each assessor must be capable of carrying out the full requirements within the competency components they are assessing. Being occupationally competent means they are also occupationally knowledgeable. This occupational competence should be maintained annually through clearly demonstrable continued learning and professional development.

3.2 Occupationally knowledgeable:

This means that each assessor should possess relevant knowledge and understanding and be able to assess this in components designed to test knowledge and understanding. This occupational

knowledge should be maintained annually through clearly demonstrable continued learning and professional development.

3.3 Qualified to make assessment decisions:

This means that each assessor must hold a qualification suitable to support the making of appropriate and consistent assessment decisions. Awarding organisations will determine what qualifies those making assessment decisions according to the competency components under assessment. In any case of significant uncertainty, the Sector Skills Council will be consulted.

3.4 Qualified to make quality assurance decisions:

Awarding organisations will determine what qualifies an assessor undertaking internal quality assurance to make decisions about quality assurance.

3.5 Expert witness:

An expert witness must:

- have a working knowledge of the components on which their expertise is based
- be occupationally competent in their area of expertise
- have EITHER any qualification in assessment of workplace performance OR a professional work role which involves evaluating the everyday practice of staff

Evidence Requirements for the Level 3 Award in Emergency Paediatric First Aid

You must meet all the learning outcomes and assessment criteria identified in each component to achieve the full component. Evidence should be developed over a period of time using diverse assessment methods.

How Your Evidence is Checked

After your Assessor has assessed your work, another member of staff - the Internal Quality Assurer - will review it. An External Quality Assurer from Future (Awards and Qualifications) will visit your assessment centre.

Certificate Claims

Once you've built up your portfolio of evidence, your assessor will sign off your component declaration and present your portfolio to the Internal Quality Assurer. Once the portfolio has passed the internal quality assurance process, the centre can claim your certificate.

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Component 1: Emergency Paediatric First Aid

Component Reference Number: Y/615/4355

Level: 3 Credit: 1 GL: 6

	Assessment Method	Evidence Ref. Page number, Method	Assessor Decision Sign and Date				
You must be able to:			Sign and Date				
1. Understand the role and responsibilities of the paediatric first aider							
1.1 Explain the role and responsibilities of a paediatric first aider							
1.2 Explain how to minimise the risk of infection to self and others							
1.3 Identify when to use personal protection equipment when providing first aid							
1.4 Identify contents of a paediatric first aid kit							
1.5 Identify the need to complete an accident report/incident record							
1.6 Define an infant and a child for the purposes of first aid treatment							
2. Be able to assess an emerg	2. Be able to assess an emergency situation safely						
2.1 Conduct a scene survey							
2.2 Conduct a primary survey on an infant and a child							
2.3 Identify when to call for help							
3. Be able to provide first aid normally	for an infant and a child who	o is unresponsive and	breathing				

		1	1
3.1 Place an infant and a			
child in the recovery			
position			
3.2 Continually monitor an			
infant and a child whilst			
they are in the recovery			
position			
3.3 Assist an infant and a			
child who is experiencing a			
seizure			
4. Be able to provide first aid	for an infant and a child who is	unresponsive and	not breathing
normally		•	_
4.1 Identify when to			
administer Cardio			
Pulmonary Resuscitation			
(CPR) to an unresponsive			
infant and an unresponsive			
child who is not breathing			
normally			
4.2 Administer CPR using an			
infant and a child manikin			
5. Be able to provide first aid	for an infant and a child who is	choking	
5.1 Identify when choking is:			
• mild			
• severe			
5.2 Administer first aid to			
an infant and a child who is			
choking			
6. Be able to provide first aid	to an infant and a child with ex	cternal bleeding	
6.1 Explain the types and			
severity of bleeding in			
infants and children			
7. Be able to provide first aid	to an infant and a child who is	suffering from sho	ck
7.1 Recognise an infant or a			
child who is suffering from			
hypovolaemic shock			
7.2 Administer first aid to			
an infant or child who is			
suffering from			
hypovolaemic shock			
			1

8. Understand how to administer injuries	first aid to an infant and a child with bites, stings and minor				
8.1 Explain how to administer first aid for:					
Learner declaration of authenticity: I declare that the work presented for this component is entirely my own work.					
Learner signature:	Date:				
Assessor sign off of completed component: I confirm that the learner has met the requirements for all assessment criteria demonstrating knowledge and skills for this component.					
Assessor name:					
Signature:	Date:				

Level 3 Award in Emergency Paediatric First Aid Summary of Achievement

Learner Name					FutureQuals Learne Number	er			
Centre Name					Centre Number				
Component Number	C	Component Title	Credits	Date Verified	Learner Signature	Assessor Signature		IQA Signature	EQA Signature
1	Emerge Aid	ency Paediatric First	1						
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Comp		nas been demonstrated cions/contexts. The evic							ecified

L3AEPFA _V2_11/10/17 (603/0961/1) Evidence Log Book | 8

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LEVEL 3 AWARD INEMERGENCY PAEDIATRIC FIRST AID



